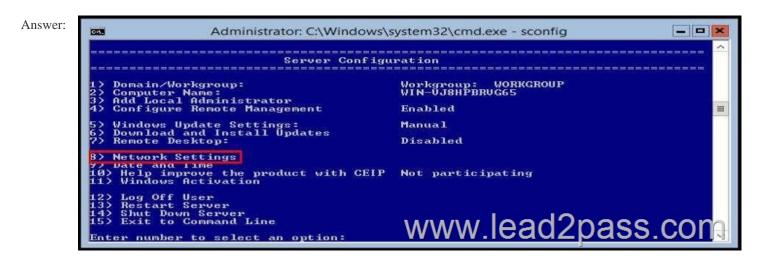
## Free Sharing Microsoft 70-410 PDF Dumps With New Update Exam Questions Of Lead2pass (1-10)

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Windows Server 2012 R2 with computer manager?





QUESTION 2 Your network contain an active directory domain named Contoso.com. The domain contains two servers named server1 and server2 that run Windows Server 2012 R2. You create a security template named template1 by using the security template snap-in. You need to apply template1 to server2. Which tool should you use? A. Security Templates B. Computer Management C. Security Configuration and Analysis D. System Configuration Answer: C Explanation: A. Template was already created - Provide standard security option to use in security policies B. Needs to be applied at the GP level C. Security templates are inactive until imported into a Group Policy object or the SecurityConfiguration and Analysis D. Tool to ID windows problems <a href="http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj730960.aspx">http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj730960.aspx</a>

http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-vista/using-system-configuration QUESTION 3 Your network contains an active directory domain named Contoso.com. The domain contains a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2. You create a group Managed Service Account named gservice1. You need to configure a service named service1 to run as the gservice1 account. How should you configure service1? A. From Services Console configure the recovery settings B. From a command prompt ,run sc.exe and specify the config parameter C. From Windows PowerShell,run Set-Service and specify the -PassThrough parameter D. From a command prompt ,run sc.exe and specify the sdset parameter Answer: B Explanation: Sc config, Modifies the value of a service's entries in the registry and in the Service Control Manager database. obj= {<AccountName> | <ObjectName>} Specifies a name of an account in which a service will run, or specifies a name of the

Windows driver object in which the driver will run. The default setting is LocalSystem. password= <Password> Specifies a password. This is required if an account other than the LocalSystem account is used. QUESTION 4 Your network contains an active directory domain named Contoso.com. The domain contains 100 user accounts that reside in an organizational unit (OU) named OU1. You need to ensure that user named user1 can link and unlink Group Policy Objects(GPOs) to OU1. The solution must minimize the number of permissions assigned to user1. What should you do? A. Run the Delegation of Control Wizard on the Policies containers B. Run the Set-GPPermission cmdlet C. Run the Delegation of Control Wizard on OU1 D. Modify the permission on the user1 account Answer: C Explanation: A. Not minimum permissions B. Grants a level of permissions to a security principal for one GPO or all the GPOs in a domain C. Minimizes delegated permission to a single OU D. Will not allow GPO changes to the OU Delegation of Control Wizard The following are common tasks that you can select to delegate control of them: Create, delete, and manage user accounts Reset user passwords and force password change at next logon Read all user information Modify the membership of a group Join a computer to a domain Manage Group Policy links Generate Resultant Set of Policy (Planning) Generate Resultant Set of Policy (Logging) Create, delete, and manage inetOrgPerson Reset inetOrgPerson passwords and force password change at next logon Read all inetOrgPerson information accounts http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd145442.aspx http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee461038.aspx http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc732524.aspx QUESTION 5 You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server1 has 2 dual-core processors and 16 GB of RAM. You install the Hyper-V server role in Server1. Server 2012 R2. You plan to create two virtual machines on Server1. You need to ensure that both virtual machines can use up to 8 GB of memory. The solution must ensure that both virtual machines can be started simultaneously. What should you configure on each virtual machine? A. Dynamic Memory B. NUMA topology C. Memory weight D. Ressource Control Answer: A Explanation: A. Dynamic Memory adjusts the amount of memory available to a virtual machine, based on changes in memory demand and values that you specify B. Used for high performance apps like SQL C. Provides Hyper-V with a way to determine how to distribute memory among virtual machines if there is not enough physical memory available in the computer to give every virtual machine its requested amount of memory. D. Resource controls provide you with several ways to control the way that Hyper-V allocates resources to virtual machine. http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff817651(v=ws.10).aspx http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh831410.aspx http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc742470.aspx QUESTION 6 You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2. You promote Server1 to domain controller. You need to view the service location (SVR) records that Server1 What should you do on Server1? A. Open the Srv.sys file B. registers on DNS. Open the Netlogon.dns file C. Run ipconfig/displaydns D. Run Get-DnsServerDiagnostics Answer: B Explanation: A. Timestamp server driver B. Netlogon service creates a log file that contains all the locator resource records stored in netlogon. C. used to display current resolver cache content D. Gets DNS http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc959303.aspx event logging details http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj649883(v=wps.620).aspx QUESTION 7 Your network contains an active directory domain named Contoso.com. The domain contains a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2 and has the You have a virtual machine named VM1. VM1 has a snapshot. Hyper-V server role installed. You need to modify the Snapshot What should you do First? A. Copy the snapshot file B. File Location of VM1. C. Shut down VM1 D. Delete the snapshot Answer: D Pause VM1 Snapshot data files are stored as .avhd files. Taking multiple snapshots can quickly Explanation: How are snapshots stored? consume storage space. In the first release version of Hyper-V (KB950050) and in Hyper-V in Windows Server 2008 Service Pack 2, snapshot, snapshot data files usually are located in the same folder as the virtual machine by default. In Hyper-V in Windows Server 2008 R2, the files usually are located in the same folder as the virtual hard disk. The following exceptions affect the location of the snapshot data files: If the virtual machine was imported with snapshots, they are stored in their own folder. If the virtual machine has no snapshots and you configure the virtual machine snapshot setting, all snapshots you takeafterwards will be stored in the folder you specify. Caution Do not delete .avhd files directly from the storage location. Instead, use Hyper-V Manager to select the virtual machine, and then delete the snapshots from the snapshot tree. Do not expand a virtual hard disk when it is used in a virtual machine that has snapshots. Doing so will make the snapshots unusable.

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd560637(v=ws.10).aspx QUESTION 8 Hotspot Question You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2. Several users are members of the local Administrators group. You need to ensure that all local administrators receive User Account Control (UAC) prompts when they run a Microsoft Management Console (MMC).

Which setting should you modify from the Local Security Policy? To answer, select the appropriate settings in the answer



Answer: B	Security settings
	account policies
	Iocal policies
	Windows Firewall With Advanced Security
	inetwork list manager policies
	publik key policies
	software restriction policies
	application control policies
	IP security policies on the local Computer
	🐌 👼 advanced audit policy senfigurations. con

QUESTION 9 You have a network printer connected to print server. You need to be able to print if print server goes down. What should you chose? A. brach office direct printing B. printer pooling C. spooling D. Print forwarding Answer: A Explanation: Branch Office Direct Printing can reduce Wide Area Network (WAN) usage by printing directly to a print device instead of a server print queue. This feature can be enabled or disabled on a per printer basis and is transparent to the user. It is enabled by an administrator using the Print Management Console or Windows PowerShell on the server. The printer information is cached in the branch office, so that if the print server is unavailable for some reason (for example if the WAN link to the data center is down), then it is still possible for the user to print. Branch Office Direct Printing requires the following operating systems: - Windows Server 2012 - Windows 8 http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj134156.aspx QUESTION 10 You have external virtual switch with srv-io enabled with 10 Virtual Machines on it. You need to make the Virtual Machines able to talk only to each other. A. remove the vswitch and recreate it as private. B. vswitch and recreate it as public D. adjust srv-io settings Answer: A Explanation: There are three possible modes for the Hyper-V switch: private, internal, and public. Do not confuse these with IP addressing schemes or any other networking configuration in a different technology. Private Switch The private switch allows communications among the virtual machines on the host and nothing else. Even the management operating system is not allowed to participate. This switch is purely logical and does not use any physical adapter in any way. "Private" in this sense is not related to private IP addressing. You can mentally think of this as a switch that has no ability to uplink to other switches. Internal Switch The internal switch is similar to the private switch with one exception: the management operating system can have a virtual adapter on this type of switch and communicate with any virtual machines that also have virtual adapters on the switch. This switch also does not have any matching to a physical adapter and therefore also cannot uplink to another switch. External Switch This switch type must be connected to a physical adapter. It allows communications between the physical network and the management operating system and virtual machines. Do not confuse this switch type with public IP addressing schemes or let its name suggest that it needs to be connected to a public-facing connection. You can use the same private IP address range for the adapters on an external virtual switch that you're using on the physical network it's attached to

http://www.altaro.com/hyper-v/the-hyper-v-virtual-switch-explained-part-1/#ixzz2W095PeZd

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh831823.aspx http://www.altaro.com/hyper-v/hyper-v-virtual-switch-explained-part-2/ Lead2pass update exam dumps frequently. Free download of 70-410 questions and answers, which covers all the knowledge points of the real exam. More new added questions on our website Lead2pass for free share. http://www.lead2pass.com/70-410.html